RESNET – Attached & Stacked Units San Diego, 20 Feb, 2007





Challenges



- Special requirements of attached and stacked
 - Less exposed surfaces more efficient housing form
 - Smaller Floor Area
 - Entry level pricing
 - Air tightness
 - Smaller, space constrained mechanical systems
 - Fewer opportunities for electrical savings credits

Air Tightness



- Research w/ leading builder
- Calibration of current status (2005)
- Air leakage tested 3-4 times worse than single detached up to 12-15 ACH50
- Worse w/steel stud construction
- Problem: Common surfaces

Air Tightness



- ESNH 0.2 cfm50 /ft2 for singles not appropriate
- Did upgrades to common surfaces and transitions to ext surfaces
- Drop ceilings, tubs and showers, stairs, bulkheads, abutting party walls and floors, as well as ext. walls
- Set target 40% higher than singles was achievable 2.8 cfm50/ft2
- Justified by more efficient form

Other Characteristics



- Exhaust Only Mechanical Ventilation
- Power vented DHW dual purpose space heating and hot water
- Make-up air gas code issues
 - Tested dryer vent barometric damper and other options

Space Constrained Heating



- Design Heating Load < 35,000 Btuh
- Packaged heating / cooling equipment certified as "space constrained" under DOE 10 CFR Part 30 with an AFUE => 80% and a SEER of =>10.6.
- Combination water heaters with a minimum thermal efficiency of 76%.



















































- completing 494 units
- Had 2 units that did not pass air test on first try