

## 2006 Changes to the RESNET Technical Standards

RESNET Conference  
February 28, 2006

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Conservation Services Group

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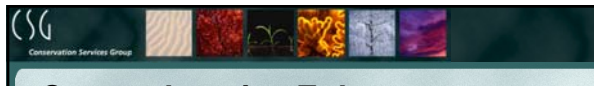


## Standards Development Process

Two year drafting process

- Proposal period open to all
- All proposals considered by Drafting Committee
- Pre-vetting offered to national groups
  - NAHB Energy Committee
  - U.S. DOE and EPA
  - Building America Team
  - National Association of State Energy Officials
- 75 Day Public Comment Process (2004)
- Additional amendments adopted 11/2005

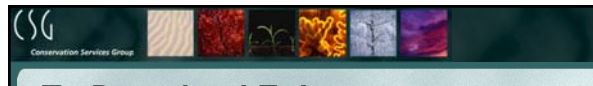
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## Comprehensive Enhancements

- Program Administration (Do not affect rating score)
  - QA, software, testing, renewals, others
  - Went into effect on April 1, 2005
- Technical – Chapter 3
  - Will impact how rating scores are calculated
  - Goes into effect on July 1, 2006
  - Governs software *and* ratings


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## To Download Enhancements

[www.resnet.us/standards](http://www.resnet.us/standards)


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## 2006- Next Generation of HERS

- Three *different* changes that have *different* effects on the results!
- New Reference Home = 2004 IECC
- Expanded Rating Score
- “Score” to “Index”

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## Technical Enhancements

- Enhance technical basis of energy ratings
- Update standards to align with current national standards
  - IECC, zero energy homes, tax credits
- Change in NAECA efficiency minimums
  - Water heating EF (1/2004)
  - SEER 13 Air Conditioning

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## HERS Reference Home

- Establishes the HERS Reference Home as equivalent to the 2004 IECC
  - 2004 *performance path* values = 2006 IECC prescriptive tables
  - Relatively minor change in performance-based efficiency from other MEC/IECC
  - Aligns with IECC SHGC requirements for warm climates

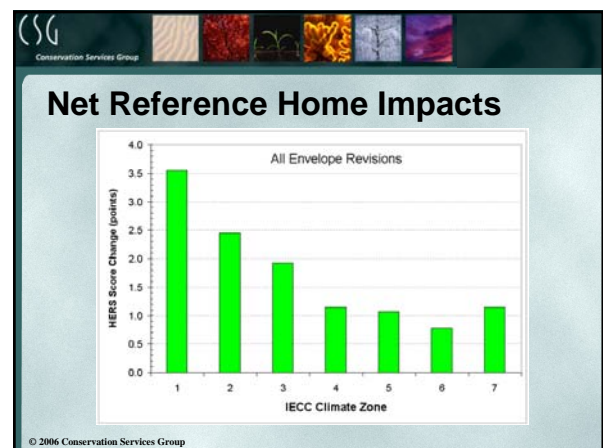
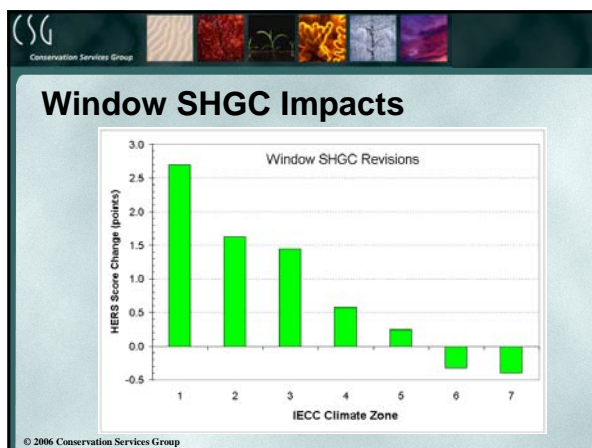
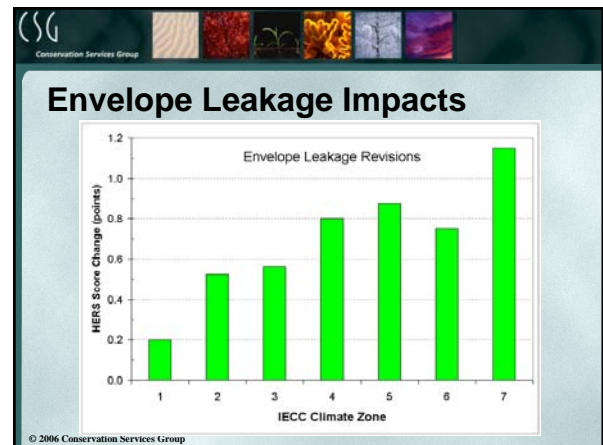
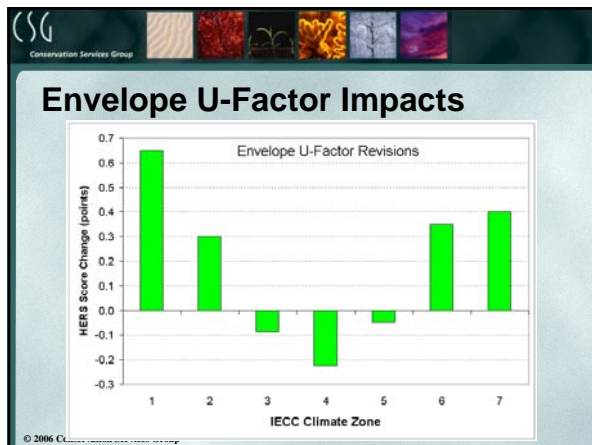
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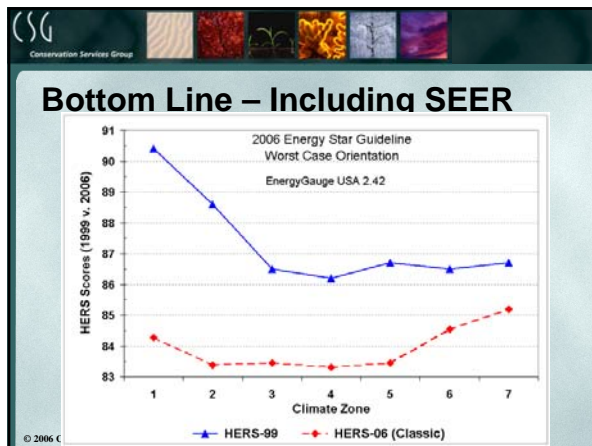
## Changes from MEC-based Reference

- Envelope U-Factors (slightly more stringent)
- Window SHGC
- Envelope Leakage reduced ~16%
  - $nL = 0.57 \gg SLA = 0.00048$
- Interior Shading Factor (IECC & HERS)
  - Heating ISF = 0.90  $\gg$  ISF = 0.85
- Internal Gains (HERS)
  - 72,000 Btu/day  $\gg$  based on floor area and Nbr

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## Reference Home Changes

“Small home penalty” reduced by revised glazing area calculation

- Equipment efficiencies based on “prevailing federal minimum”
  - Will be updated when NACEA changes
- In load calculation, credit is given for tested air tightness below 0.35 ACH
  - When ventilation system is present
  - Down to ASHRAE 62.2 ventilation air flow requirements (+ measured infiltration)

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## Technical Amendments (rater)

- Mechanical Ventilation System definition**

“A fan designed to exchange the air in the house with outside air, sized to provide whole-house service per ASHRAE 62.2, and controlled automatically (i.e. not requiring human intervention to turn on and off). The presence of a remote-mounted on-off switch or dedicated circuit breaker labeled “whole house ventilation” (or equivalent) shall not disqualify a system from meeting the requirement of automatic control.”

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## Ventilation system examples:

- Exhaust or supply fan *with timer or control*
  - NOT bath fan with wall switch or humidistat
- Outdoor air intake to air distribution system
  - MUST have controller to ensure operation during mild weather (fan cyclor)
  - Or *continuous* operation (big electrical penalty)
- Balanced system (HRV or ERV)
- Generally need average of required flow every hour
  - BIG penalty if less than every three hours

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## Formal interpretation

- Measured air leakage is *added* to ventilation system flow
  - Using quadrature equations from ASHRAE
- Ventilation system flow *shall not be less than*
  - $7.5 \times (\text{Nbr} + 1) + 0.01 \times \text{CFA}$  for the purpose of calculating the score
  - Input actual flow rate and hourly program to software
  - Adjustments are made for very tight or leaky homes

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## RATED HOME Changes

- Ducted/hydronic distribution efficiency calculated by ASHRAE 152-2004
  - Duct leakage testing required
- RESNET interpretation of 152 for rating purposes
  - Defaults may be used for many of the 152 required inputs
- Default (untested) duct efficiencies have changed
  - Generally higher
  - No distinction between “observable” leakage or none

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### Old duct defaults:

Distribution System Configuration and Condition:	Forced Air Systems	
	Heating	Cooling
Observable leakage pathways <sup>3</sup> with distribution system components located in <i>unconditioned</i> space	0.70	0.70
Observable leakage pathways with entire distribution system located in <i>conditioned</i> space <sup>4</sup>	0.75	0.75
Distribution system components located in <i>unconditioned</i> space	0.80	0.80
Entire distribution system located in <i>conditioned</i> space	0.85	0.85
Proposed <sup>5</sup> "leak free" with entire air distribution system located in the <i>conditioned</i> space	1.00	1.00
Proposed "leak free" air distribution system with components located in the <i>unconditioned</i> space	0.95	0.95
"Ductless" <sup>6</sup> systems	1.00	1.00

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### NEW Defaults:

Distribution System Configuration and Condition:	Forced Air Systems	Hydronic Systems <sup>(b)</sup>
Distribution system components located in <i>unconditioned</i> space	0.80	0.95
Distribution systems entirely located in <i>conditioned</i> space <sup>(a)</sup>	0.88	1.00
Proposed "reduced leakage" with entire air distribution system located in the <i>conditioned</i> space <sup>(d)</sup>	0.96	
Proposed "reduced leakage" air distribution system with components located in the <i>unconditioned</i> space	0.88	
"Ductless"-systems <sup>(e)</sup>	1.00	

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### Expanded HERS Score

Establishes technical guidelines and procedures for expanding the rated features of the rated home


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- ### Expanded HERS Score
- Old HERS score was based on
    - Heating, cooling, water heating only
  - HERS "Expanded" score based on
    - Heating, cooling, water heating
    - Lighting and appliances
    - On-site power generation
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- ### Expanded Rating Score
- Adds allowance for standard consumption to reference home
    - Efficient lighting (10% of qualifying locations)
    - Refrigerator (775 kWh/year)
    - Dishwasher (0.46 EF)
    - Ventilation fan energy (If rated home has ventilation system) at 0.45 W/CFM
      - Assuming  $(7.5 \times (\text{Nbr}+1)) + 0.01 \times \text{CFA}$  CFM
    - Ceiling fan (if in rated home) at 23.5 CFM/W
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- ### Expanded Rating Score:
- IF you want to do better than the reference home by x%,
  - THEN you must do x% better than the defaults on lighting and appliances
  - Adds allowance for "all" typical non-heating, cooling or water heating energy uses to both rated and reference home
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## On site power production

- On-site Power Production (OPP): Net electric power produced at the Rated Home
- OPP = gross electrical power production minus purchased fossil fuel energy used to produce the on-site power
  - Converted to “Equivalent Electric” at 40% efficiency
- Examples: PV, fuel cell, propane generator
  - If conversion efficiency exceeds 40%, will increase score (less will decrease)


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## Insulation inspection procedures

- Assess insulation quality
  - Three installation Grades: I, II, and III
  - “Grade I” based on industry published standards
- Provide specific modeling guidance
  - Based on results of field assessment
  - Primarily for software developers, not raters
- Other details
  - Installation practices, framing, compression

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## Inspection Requirement ?

- Yes—to take full credit for thermal performance of properly installed product
- No—not required for a rating
  - Accept defaults if you don’t inspect
    - Equivalent to Grade III
  - Parallel to other HERS requirements
    - Envelope, duct testing
- Applies to all types of insulation


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## Other Technical Amendments

**Rater/Provider**  
**Software**  
**(Both)**


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## Technical Amendments (rater)

- Standard blower door testing procedures
  - Specifies door, vent, damper positions during tests
- Requires that all pressure testing equipment be annually field tested for calibration, or re-calibrated
  - HERS provider must maintain a log of testing/calibration
- Establishes minimum content requirement for on-site inspection procedures manual
  - Providers must supply to raters


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## Technical Amendments (rater)

- Requires uniform method of calculating conditioned floor area of home – ANSI Standard Z765-2003
  - With exception to 5' ceiling height limit
- Includes furnace/boiler auxiliary energy consumption (i.e., combustion/blower fans) in HERS rating score
  - Allows credit for ECM motors
  - Will require accurate inputs of EaE ratings of mechanical equipment in ratings


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### Technical (software/rater)

- Establishes default framing factors for wall, floor, ceiling to be used in rated homes
- Changes in nMEUL a,b coefficients for heating oil to be same as natural gas
  - Eliminates differences in HERS score associated with different fossil fuels
  - Other a,b coefficients updated as needed
  - NAECA requirements for Hot water, A/C


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### Technical (software/rater)

- Establishes baseline data and rules needed to include wood burning appliances
- Establishes reference/default values
- Defines when they should be included in rating
  - Limited to the part of the building load that cannot be met by automatic system
  - Up to 100% (i.e. sole heating system)


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### Technical (software/rater)

- Refined definition of “home”
  - Includes individual units in small multi-family buildings


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### Technical (software/rater)

- Requires distribution system (ducts) modeled according to ASHRAE 152
  - Or computations that yield equivalent results
- Testing required
  - ASHRAE 152 procedures
  - With Exceptions: no need to separate supply/return
  - No requirement to test air flow
  - Conservative defaults
- Other as specified in RESNET interpretation
  - No requirement to test buffer zone pressures or plenum operating pressures


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### Technical Amendments (software)

- Specifically removes from the HERS Reference home any renewable energy systems present in the Rated home
- Establishes standard ventilation strategy for both reference and rated home
  - Ensures consistency for this occupant behavior (eliminates rater/software provider judgment)

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### Technical Amendments (software)

- Specifies source of data for Fannie Mae EEM Present Value
  - RESNET to be provided with discount rate annually
  - Established weighted life of energy efficiency measures at 23 years
- Establishes how EEM Present Value shall be calculated
  - Fannie Mae's Energy Value and Annual Energy Savings
  - FHA and Freddie Mac's Present Worth of Energy Savings

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## Technical Amendments (software)

- Establishes consistent method of converting HSPF and SEER to inputs appropriate for models that separately model compressor / evaporator / fan / defrost (e.g., DOE-2)
- Requires that software adjust HSPF and SEER to account for climate and mis-sizing of equipment including electric auxiliary heat for heat pumps
- Establishes rule base for determining design loads for sizing purposes

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- ADMIN-2005-01 - Effective Date of Chapter Three, RESNET Standards
- TECH-2005-01 - Discontinue Use of the "Classic HERS Score"
- TECH-2005-02 - Modify the Expanded Score to Account for Total Home Energy Use
- TECH-2005-03 - Amend the List of Minimum Rated Features to Include the Expanded Score Items
- TECH-2005-04 - Update the "a" and "b" Coefficient Values
- TECH-2005-05 - Update the ANSI Standard Referred to in Measuring Floor Dimensions to ANSI Z765-2003
- TECH-2005-06 - Update mechanical ventilation specifications
- TECH-2005-07 - Ceiling Fan Ratings
- TECH-2005-08 - Specifications for Vented Crawlspace in the Reference and Rated Homes
- TECH-2005-09 - Modify the HERS Score Calculation and Change its Nomenclature from "HERS Score" to "HERS Index"
- QA-2005-01 - Quality Assurance of Raters That Complete a Small Volume of Ratings

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## HERS Score becomes an Index

- Reference home now defined at 100 points
  - Used to be 80
- A net Zero Energy Home, Index = 0
  - Used to be 100, *but was H, C & DHW only*
- Energy Star limit:
  - Northern tier (ME, VT, NH, NY) - Index of 80
  - MA, RI, CT, Mid-Atlantic states - Index of 85

$$\text{Index} = 100 - [(\text{Score} - 80) \times 5]$$

$$\text{Score} = 80 + [(100 - \text{Index}) / 5]$$
